When you or someone close to you starts to experience the early warning signs of mental illness, knowing what the risk factors and symptoms are will help to catch them early. Often times, family and friends are the first to support a person through these early stages. Like other health conditions, we need to address the symptoms early, identify the underlying illness, and plan an appropriate course of action on a path towards overall health.

**Risk Factors**

**Genes**

17-28% of risk for mental illnesses can be accounted for by variations in common genes.

Much stronger links were found in twin and family studies. Estimates for total heritability, or how much a disease is tied to genetics, are:

- Schizophrenia: 81%
- Bipolar disorder: 75%
- ADHD: 75%
- Depression: 37%

**Biology**

In one study, head injury between the ages of 11-15 was the strongest predictor for development of schizophrenia, depression, and bipolar disorder.

Brain changes like building a “tolerance” or reward response to stress, or abnormalities in the prefrontal and frontal cortex, and irregularities in the function of the neurotransmitter glutamate are also risk factors for mental illness and substance use.

**Environment**

People who are exposed to adverse childhood events including abuse, neglect, divorce, witnessing domestic violence and having parents who have substance use issues, mental illnesses or are in jail are:

- 2.6x more likely to have depression
- 17x more likely to have learning or behavioral problems
- 5x more likely to have serious alcohol problems
- 3x more likely to have serious job problems

**Lifestyle**

Substance use can increase chances of developing a mental illness and having a mental illness can increase risk of using substances.

People with any mental illness are:

- 2.3x as likely to develop nicotine dependence
- 3x more likely to develop alcohol dependence
- 30x more likely to develop illicit drug dependence
Early Warning Signs and Symptoms

Having a combination of symptoms (not just one symptom) indicates that someone might be showing signs of a mental health condition. Be aware of these symptoms when they last longer than a few weeks:

- Problems with concentration, memory, or ability to think clearly
- Changes in eating such as loss of appetite or overeating
- Not being able to complete school or work tasks
- Feeling overly worried
- Feeling sad, empty, hopeless, or worthless
- Sensitivity to sounds, sight, smell, or touch
- Irritability and restlessness

Loss of interest in activities that are normally enjoyable, withdrawal from others, or disconnection

Feeling like your brain is playing tricks on you. Hearing knocking or scratching sounds, or name being called

Changes in energy level and sleep patterns. Often someone will sleep during the day and be up at night

If you or someone you know is in crisis, call 1-800-273-TALK (8255), go to your local Emergency Room or call 911.

Sources